

24. MEĐUNARODNA NAUČNA KONFERENCIJA
„PEDAGOŠKA ISTRAŽIVANJA I ŠKOLSKA PRAKSA“

24th INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE
“EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND SCHOOL PRACTICE”

**OBRAZOVANJE
U FUNKCIJI
MODERNIZACIJE
DRUŠTVA** **ROLE OF
EDUCATION IN
MODERNIZATION
OF SOCIETY**

Knjiga rezimea **Book of abstracts**

ЈЕЛЕНА СТАНИШИĆ · МЛАДЕН РАДУЛОВИЋ
UREDNICI / EDITORS

11. oktobar 2019.
Učiteljski fakultet
Univerzitet u Beogradu, Srbija

October 11, 2019
Teacher Education Faculty
University of Belgrade, Serbia

PROGRAMSKI ODBOR

Predsednik programskog odbora

Dr Jelena Stanišić

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Članovi

Prof. dr Sergej Ivanovič Kudinov

Filološki fakultet Ruskog Univerziteta prijateljstva naroda, Moskva, Rusija

Prof. dr Olga Borisovna Mihajlova

Filološki fakultet Ruskog Univerziteta prijateljstva naroda, Moskva, Rusija

Prof. dr Stanislav Sergejevič Kudinov

Filološki fakultet Ruskog Univerziteta prijateljstva naroda, Moskva, Rusija

Prof. dr Andreas Oikonomou

Fakultet za pedagoško i tehnološko obrazovanje, Solun, Grčka

Doc. dr. Danijela Makovec Radovan

Filozofski fakultet, Ljubljana, Slovenija

Prof. dr Mile Srbinovski

Institut za životnu sredinu i zdravlje, Univerzitet jugoistočne Evrope, Tetovo, Republika Severna Makedonija

Prof. dr Katarina Todorović

Filozofski fakultet u Nikšiću, Univerzitet Crne Gore, Crna Gora

Prof. dr Nataša Vlah

Učiteljski fakultet, Sveučilište u Rijeci, Hrvatska

Prof. dr Gordana Miščević Kadijević

Učiteljski fakultet, Univerzitet u Beogradu, Srbija

Dr Sofija Maračić

Učiteljski fakultet, Univerzitet u Beogradu, Srbija

Dr Emilia Lazarević

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Nikoleta Gutvajn

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Snežana Mirkov

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Milja Vujačić

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Jelena Stevanović

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Dušica Malinić

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Dr Rajka Đević

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

PROGRAM COMMITTEE

President

Jelena Stanišić, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Members

Prof. Sergey Ivanovič Kudinov, PhD

Faculty of Philology of the Peoples' Friendship University in Moscow, Russia

Prof. Stanislav Sergejević Kudinov, PhD

Faculty of Philology of the Peoples' Friendship University in Moscow, Russia

Prof. Olga Borisovna Mikhailova, PhD

Faculty of Philology of the Peoples' Friendship University in Moscow, Russia

Prof. Andreas Oikonomou, PhD

School of Pedagogical and Technological Education, Thessaloniki, Greece

Doc. Danijela Makovec Radovan, PhD

Faculty of arts, Department of Educational Sciences, University of Ljubljana, Slovenia

Prof. Mile Srbinovski, PhD

Institute for Environment and Health, South East European University, Tetovo, Republic of North Macedonia

Prof. Katarina Todorović, PhD

Faculty of Philosophy, Nikšić, University of Montenegro, Montenegro

Prof. Nataša Vlah, PhD

Faculty of Teacher Education, University of Rijeka, Croatia

Prof. Gordana Miščević Kadijević, PhD

Teacher Education Faculty of the University of Belgrade, Serbia

Sofija Maračić, PhD

Teacher Education Faculty of the University of Belgrade, Serbia

Emilija Lazarević, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Milja Vujačić, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Snežana Mirkov, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Nikola Gutvajn, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Rajka Đević, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Dušica Malinić, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Jelena Stevanović, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

ORGANIZACIONI ODBOR

Predsednik organizacionog odbora

dr Mladen Radulović

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

Članovi

msr Ana Radanović

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd, Srbija

msr Ivana Petrović

Učiteljski fakultet u Beogradu, Univerzitet u Beogradu, Srbija

msr Ljiljana Bojanović

Učiteljski fakultet u Beogradu, Univerzitet u Beogradu, Srbija

ORGANIZATORI SKUPA

Institut za pedagoška istraživanja u Beogradu, Srbija

Dobrinjska 11/3, 11000 Beograd

www.ipisr.org.rs

Filološki fakultet Ruskog Univerziteta prijateljstva naroda u Moskvi, Rusija

Miklukho-Maklaya 61, 17198, Moskva, Rusija

www.rudn.ru

Učiteljski fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu, Srbija

Kraljice Natlige 43, 11000 Beograd

www.uf.bg.ac.rs

NAPOMENA:

Saopštenja saradnika Instituta za pedagoška istraživanja predstavljaju rezultat rada na projektima „Od podsticanja inicijative, saradnje i stvaralaštva u obrazovanju do novih uloga i identiteta u društvu (br. 179034) i „Unapređivanje kvaliteta i dostupnosti obrazovanja u procesima modernizacije Srbije“ (br. 47008), koje finansira Ministarstvo prosvete, nauke i tehnološkog razvoja Republike Srbije (2011-2019).

ORGANIZATIONAL COMMITTEE

President

Mladen Radulović, PhD

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Members

Ana Radanović, MA

Institute for Educational Research, Belgrade, Serbia

Ivana Petrović, MA

Teacher Education Faculty of the University of Belgrade, Serbia

Ljiljana Bojanović, MA

Teacher Education Faculty of the University of Belgrade, Serbia

ORGANIZERS

Institute for Educational Research

Dobrinjska 11/3, Belgrade, Serbia

www.ipisr.org.rs

Faculty of Philology of the Peoples' Friendship University in Moscow

Miklukho-Maklaya 6, 117198, Moscow, Russia

www.rudn.ru

Teacher Education Faculty, University of Belgrade

Kraljice Natlige 43, 11000 Beograd, Serbia

www.uf.bg.ac.rs

NOTE:

Presentations of the collaborators of the Institute for Educational Research are the results of the projects "From encouraging initiative, cooperation and creativity in education to new roles and identities in society" (No. 179034) and "Improving the quality and accessibility of education in modernization processes in Serbia" (No. 47008), which are financially supported by the Ministry of Education, Science and Technological Development of the Republic of Serbia (2011–2019).

MIŠLJENJE DIPLOMACA GRČKIH UNIVERZITETA O PSIHOPEDAGOŠKOJ I DIDAKTIČKOJ OSPOSOBLJENOSTI NJIHOVIH NASTAVNIKA

Andreas Ikonomou*

Fakultet za pedagoško i tehničko obrazovanje, Solun, Grčka

Georgios Menekses

Poljoprivredni fakultet, Univerzitet Aristotel u Solunu, Solun, Grčka

Ovo empirijsko istraživanje zasnovano je na analizi literature koju je sproveo Stergiou (2017). Cilj istraživanja usmeren je na merenje kvaliteta obrazovnog rada, nastavnog materijala i aktivnosti univerzitetskih nastavnika u Grčkoj, na osnovu povratnih informacija dobijenih od njihovih diplomiranih studenata. U istraživanju je primenjen upitnik. Uzorak se sastojao od 388 diplomaca, studenata ASPETE programa iz Soluna, akademske 2017/2018. i 2018/2019. Godine. Ispitanici su, pored svojih deklarisanih demografskih karakteristika, na skali od pet tačaka davali odgovore za svaku od 27 stavki koje opisuju aspekte kvaliteta obrazovnog rada, nastavnog materijala i aktivnosti, kao i nastavnih metoda svojih univerzitetskih nastavnika (1 – nimalo; 2 – veoma malo; 3 – prilično; 4 – mnogo; 5 – veoma mnogo). Rezultati pokazuju da diplomci smatraju kako njihovi univerzitetski nastavnici dobro poznaju sadržaj kurseva, te da su dosledni tokom predavanja (praćenje rasporeda i zadovoljavajuća priprema). Studenti su dali prosečne ocene svojim nastavnicima u 20 od 27 kriterijuma kvaliteta univerzitetskog nastavnika. Nastavnici su ocenjeni ispod proseka za organizaciju aktivnosti čiji je cilj aktivno učešće studenata u radu u učionici, davanje uvoda i rekapitulacija nastave u učionici, povezivanje nastavnih metoda sa profesionalnim okruženjem (sa tržištem rada), povezivanje sadržaja izučavanih kurseva sa drugim kursevima i korišćenje radnih resursa (npr. radnih listova, pokaznog materijala) koji olakšavaju učenje. Faktorska analiza pokazala je da sva pitanja imaju visoko opterećenje na jednoj faktorskoj osi – univerzitetskoj pedagogiji (F_1 , Kronbah $\alpha = 0,947$, 42% ukupne varijanse), dok su dve druge ose specijalizovane za konkretna polja: jedna za savetodavno-mentorskiju ulogu univerzitetskog nastavnika (F_2 , Kronbah $\alpha = 0,879$, 24% ukupne varijanse), a druga za nauku i stručnost (F_3 , Kronbah 0,741, 13% ukupne varijanse). Hiperihiskom klaster analizom izdvojile su se četiri grupe diplomaca. Prva (C_1) obuhvata 16,8% uzorka, druga (C_2) 33%, treća (C_3) 41,5% i četvrta (C_4) 8,8% diplomaca. Klaster C_1 sastoji se od pojedinaca koji vrednuju pedagošku kompetenciju i pedagoško obrazovanje svojih univerzitetskih nastavnika, kao i njihovu primarno naučnu orientaciju i profesionalizam, dok u potpunosti negiraju njihovu mentorsko-savetodavnu ulogu. Grupu C_2 čine diplomirani studenti koji u dovoljnoj meri uvažavaju mentorsko-savetodavnu ulogu svojih nastavnika, ali imaju negativno mišljenje o njihovim pedagoškim i didaktičkim aspektima. Diplomci

* E-mail: aoikonomou@aspete.gr

koji pripadaju C3 grupi daju prosečnu ocenu kako pedagogiji nastave i pedagoškom obrazovanju svojih nastavnika, tako i njihovoј primarno naučnoј orijentaciji i profesionalizmu, dok misle da njihovi nastavnici nisu uspeli u svojoj mentorsko-savetodavnoj ulozi. Najzad, najmanji klaster C4 čine diplomci koji iako smatraju da pedagogija nastave i nastavne veštine njihovih nastavnika nisu adekvatne i ne veruju u njihove naučne veštine i profesionalizam, ipak prepoznaju njihov skroman doprinos kao savetnika i mentora koji su im pomogli da steknu predstavu o profesiji kojom bi želeli da se bave i da se tome prilagode. Rezultati istraživanja pokazuju da vec'ina studenata daje nisku ocenu nastavnicima grčkih univerziteta u gotovo svim aspektima univerzitetske pedagogije, što ukazuje na odsustvo pedagoških i didaktičkih veština nastavnika. Ovaj rezultat je očekivan, zbog nepostojanja kvalifikovane obuke za nastavnike. To, zapravo, uopšte nije preduslov za započinjanje akademске karijere i ne postoji akademska ustanova koja bi im omogućila da steknu pedagoške i didaktičke kompetencije. Usaglašenost sa dobrom praksom drugih evropskih zemalja trebalo bi da bude strateški izbor obrazovne politike u cilju modernizacije grčkih univerziteta u ovoj oblasti i da se to čini sveobuhvatnije i efikasnije.

Ključne reči: univerzitetska pedagogija, učenje i podučavanje, psihopedagoške i didaktičke veštine, diplomci grčkih univerziteta, visoko obrazovanje.

GREEK UNIVERSITY GRADUATE VIEWS ON THE PSYCHO-PEDAGOGICAL AND DIDACTIC TRAINING SKILLS OF THEIR TEACHERS

Andreas Oikonomou*

School of Pedagogical and Technological Education, Thessaloniki, Greece

Georgios Menexes

School of Agriculture, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

This is a questionnaire based empirical research designed to measure the quality of educational work, teaching material and activities of Greek University teachers, based on their graduates' feedback. The sample consisted of 388 graduates, all students of the ASPETE programs of Thessaloniki, for the academic years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019. The subjects, in addition to their declared demographic characteristics, answered, on a five-point scale (1 – not at all, 2 – very little, 3 – quite, 4 – much, 5 – very much), the 27 items (criteria) describing the aspects of educational work quality, teaching material and activities and teaching methods of their academic teachers. Results showed that graduates perceive that their academic teachers had a good knowledge of the courses content and they were consistent during teaching courses (timetable observation and satisfactory preparation). Students gave moderate scores to their teachers in 20 out of the 27 quality criteria of an academic teacher. Teachers were rated below average in the organization of activities aiming at actively involving the students in the classroom, providing them with the introduction and recapitulation of their classroom teaching, linking their teaching methods to the professional environment (the labour market), linking the content of the studied courses with other courses and the use of labour resources (e.g. worksheets, demonstration materials) that facilitate learning. Factor analysis showed that all questions were highly loaded on one factorial axis, University Pedagogy (F1, Cronbach's $\alpha = 0.947$, 42% of the total variance), while the two other axes were specialized in the fields, one in the Advisory-Mentor Role of the academic teacher (F2, Cronbach's $\alpha = 0.879$, 24% of the total variance) and the other in Science and Professionalism (F3, Cronbach's 0.741 , 13% of the total variance). Hierarchical Cluster Analysis highlighted four groups of graduates. The first (C1) includes 16.8% of the sample, the second (C2) 33%, the third (C3) 41.5% and the fourth (C4) 8.8% of the graduates. Cluster C1 consists of individuals who appreciated the value of pedagogical competence and teaching training of their university teachers as well as their scientific background orientation and professionalism while their mentoring-advisory role was completely deprecated. C2 consists of graduates who, while appreciating enough the mentor-advisory role of their teachers, have a negative view of their pedagogical and didactic training. C3 grades moderately both the teaching pedagogy and teaching training of their

* E-mail: aoikonomou@aspete.gr

university teachers as well as their scientific background orientation and professionalism, while they think that their teachers have failed their mentor-advisory role. Finally, the smallest cluster C4, although it considers teaching pedagogy and teaching skills of their teachers inadequate, and does not believe in their science skills and professionalism, it recognizes a modest contribution as advisors and mentors who helped them get an idea of the profession they would like to follow and adapt to it. In conclusion, Greek university teachers are low-rated by the majority of students in almost all aspects of University Pedagogy, indicating the absence of their pedagogical and didactic training skills. This result was expected, due to absence of qualified teacher training. Indeed, it is not a prerequisite for entering the academic career and there is no academic institution offering them pedagogical and didactic competence. The compliance with good practices from other European countries should be a strategic educational policy choice in order to modernize Greek universities in this area and to do so more comprehensively and effectively.

Keywords: university pedagogy, learning and teaching, higher education.

ZBORNIK REZIMEA

24. međunarodna naučna konferencija
„Pedagoška istraživanja i školska praksa“

OBRAZOVANJE U FUNKCIJI MODERNIZACIJE DRUŠTVA

Izdavač
Institut za pedagoška istraživanja, Beograd

Za izdavača
Nikoleta Gutvajn

Urednici
Jelena Stanišić
Mladen Radulović

Lektor
Jelena Stevanović

Prevodilac
Biljana Vrcelj

Tiraž
130

Dizajn korica i grafička obrada
Branko Cvetić

Štampa
Kuća štampe plus

ISBN 978-86-7447-147-0

CIP - Каталогизација у публикацији
Народна библиотека Србије, Београд

37.014:316.72(048)
371:316.32(048)

МЕЂУНАРОДНА научна конференција "Педагошка истраживања и школска пракса" (24 ; 2019 ; Београд)
Образovanje u funkciji modernizacije društva : zbornik rezimea /
24. Међunarodna naučna konferencija "Pedagoška istraživanja i
školska praksa" = Role of Education in Modernization of Society :
book of abstracts / 24th International Scientific Conference
"Educational Research and School Practice" ; urednici ;editors Jelena
Stanišić, Mladen Radulović. - Beograd : Institut za pedagoška istraživanja,
2019 (Beograd : Kuća štampe plus). - 129 str. ; 24 cm

Резимеи на срп. и енгл. језику. - Тираж 130. - Напомене и библиографске
референце уз текст.

ISBN 978-86-7447-147-0

а) Образовање -- Социолошки аспект -- Апстракти б) Образовање -
- Глобализација -- Апстракти

COBISS.SR-ID 279880716